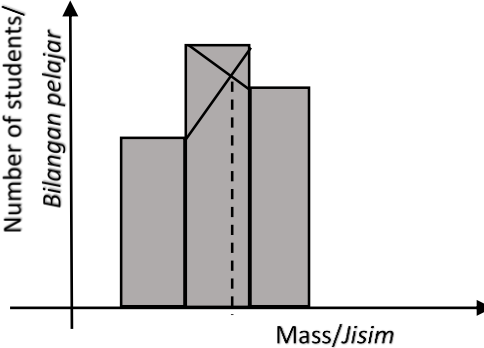
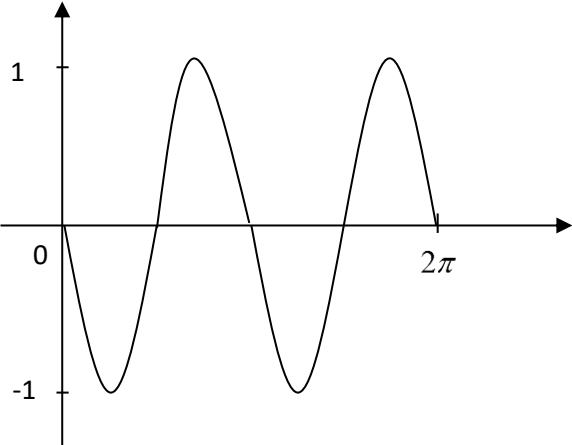
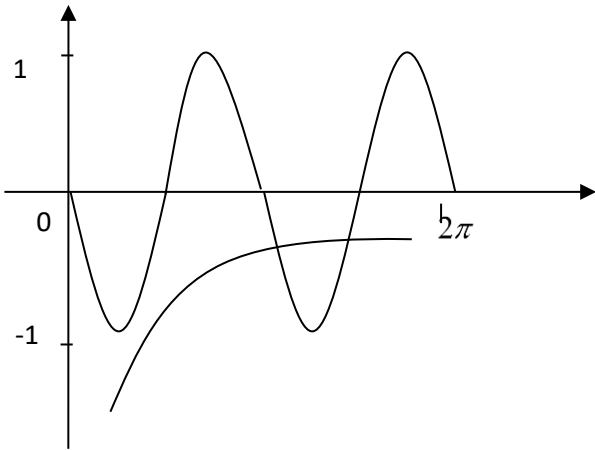


MAJLIS PENGETUA SEKOLAH MALAYSIA
NEGERI SEMBILAN

PROGRAM PENINGKATAN AKADEMIK TINGKATAN 5
SEKOLAH-SEKOLAH MENENGAH NEGERI SEMBILAN 2017

PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS PAPER 2

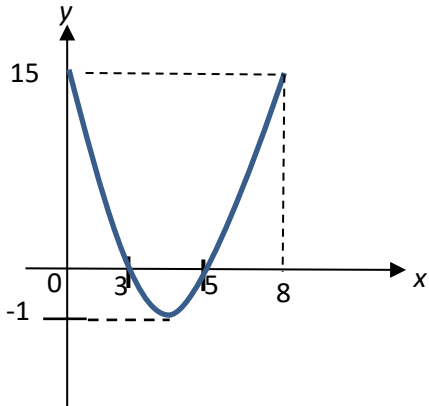
No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
1(a)	<p>69.5</p> $74.5 = 69.5 + \left[\frac{\frac{3}{4}(46+h) - (24+h)}{16} \right] 10$ <p>$h = 10$</p>	P1 K1 N1	
(b)	<p>Melukis sekurang-kurangnya 3 carta bar yang betul. Kaedah mencari mod yang betul. Mod = 67.5</p>	P1 P1 N1	
(c)		P1	7
2(a)	<p>Menggunakan rumus identiti asas $\sin^2 x + \cos^2 x = 1$</p> $\text{LHS} = \frac{\cos^2 x + \sin^2 x}{\sin x \cos x}$ $= \frac{2}{\sin 2x} = \text{RHS} . \text{Terbukti}$	K1 N1	
(b)(i)	 <p>$y = \sin x$ (bentuk)</p> <p>$y = -\sin 2x$ (2 kala)</p> <p>Amplitud</p>	P1 P1 P1	

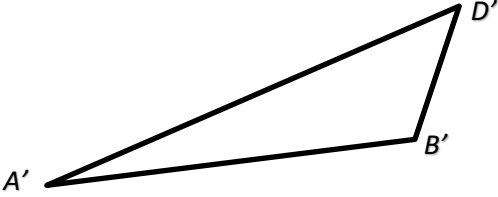
No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
(b)(ii)	$y = -\frac{\pi}{2x}$	K1	
	<p>Melukis $y = -\frac{\pi}{2x}$</p>  <p>Bilangan penyelesaian = 2</p>	K1 N1	8
3(a)	$\log_4 x = 2^3$ $x = y^8$	K1 N1	
(b)(i)	$T = 25(1.8)^{5.9}$ $= 801.77$	N1	
(ii)	$1600 = 25(1.8)^t$ $t = 7.075$	K1 N1	5
4(a)	$\frac{12}{2}[2a + 11(-d)] = x \quad \text{atau} \quad \frac{20}{2}[2a + 19(-d)] = x + 120$ $\frac{20}{2}[2a + 19(-d)] = \frac{12}{2}[2a + 11(-d)] + 120$ $a = \frac{31d + 30}{2}$	K1 K1 N1	
(b)	$a = 46$ $\frac{12}{2}[2(46) + 11(-2)]$ $x = 420$ $x + 120 = 540$	K1 N1 N1	6

No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
5	$y - \pi x = 15\pi \quad \text{atau} \quad xy + \frac{\pi}{2}x^2 = 3437.5\pi$ $y = 15\pi + \pi x$ $x(15\pi + \pi x) + \frac{\pi}{2}x^2 = 3437.5\pi$ $3x^2 + 30x - 6875 = 0$ $x = \frac{-(30) \pm \sqrt{30^2 - 4(3)(-6875)}}{2(3)}$ $x = 43.13$ $y = 58.13\pi \quad \text{or} \quad 182.64$	P1 P1 K1 K1 N1 N1	6
6(a)(i)	$V = \pi \left(\frac{s}{2\pi} \right)^2 (20 - s)$ $V = \frac{s^2(20 - s)}{4\pi} \quad \text{Terbukti}$	K1 N1	
(ii)	$\frac{10s}{\pi} - \frac{3}{4\pi}s^2 = 0 \quad \text{atau setara}$ $s = \frac{40}{3}$ $t = \frac{20}{3}$	K1 N1 N1	
(b)	$\frac{dV}{dt} = \frac{200\pi}{4} \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{dV}{dh} = 8$ $\frac{200\pi}{4} = \frac{dh}{dt} \times 8$ $\frac{dh}{dt} = \frac{25\pi}{4}$	P1 K1 N1	8
7(a)(i)	$np = 45 \quad \text{or} \quad 45q = 42.3$ $q = 0.94$ $p = 0.06$	K1 K1 N1	
(ii)	$0.06n = 45$ $n = 750$	K1 N1	

No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
7(b)(i)	$P\left(Z \geq \frac{49-46}{6.5}\right) \text{ or } P\left(Z \geq \frac{49-46}{\sqrt{42.25}}\right) \text{ or } P(Z > 0.4615)$ 0.3222	K1 N1	
(ii)	$P\left(Z < \frac{m-46}{6.5}\right) = 0.178$ $\frac{m-46}{6.5} = -0.923$ 40	K1 K1 N1	10
8(a)	$y = \int 2x dx$ $y = \frac{2x^2}{2} + c$ $c = -16 \text{ or } -12 = 4^2 + C$ $y = x^2 - 16$	K1 K1 N1	
(b)(i)	$\frac{1}{2}(20) \left(\frac{20}{4}\right) \text{ atau } \left \int_0^4 (x^2 - 16) dx \right $ $\frac{1}{2}(20) \left(\frac{20}{4}\right) - \left \left[\frac{x^3}{3} - 16x \right]_0^4 \right $ $50 - \frac{128}{3}$ $\frac{22}{3} \text{ or } 7.3333 \text{ or } 7\frac{1}{3}$	K1 K1 N1	
(ii)	$\pi \int_{-16}^0 (y + 16) dy$ $\pi \left[\frac{y^2}{2} + 16y \right]_{-16}^0$ $\pi \left[\left[\frac{0^2}{2} + 16(0) \right] - \left[\frac{(-16)^2}{2} + 16(-16) \right] \right]$ 128π	K1 K1 K1 N1	10

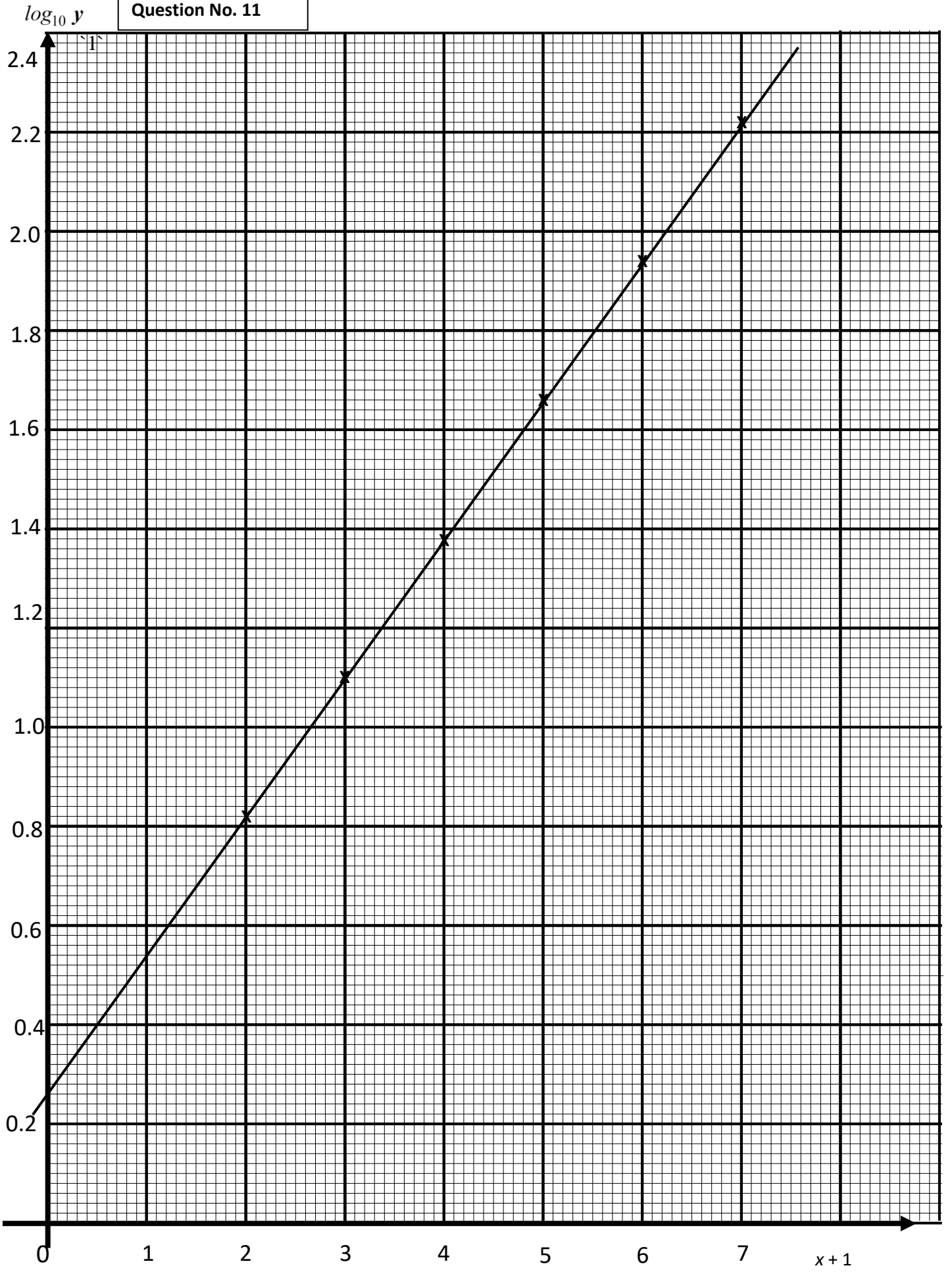
No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
9(a)(i)	$\sqrt{(m-1)^2 + 8^2} = 10$ 7	K1 N1	
(ii)	$\overrightarrow{BD} = \overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AD}$ or $\overrightarrow{BD} = \overrightarrow{BC} + \overrightarrow{CD}$ or $-6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + 3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j}$ $-3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j}$	K1 N1	
(b)	$\frac{1}{3}\overrightarrow{BA} + \frac{3}{4}\overrightarrow{AD}$ or $\frac{1}{3}(-6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j}) + \frac{3}{4}(3\hat{i} + 4\hat{j})$ $\frac{1}{4}\hat{i} + \frac{1}{3}\hat{j}$	K1 N1	
(c)(i)	$\overrightarrow{BT} = \overrightarrow{BA} + \overrightarrow{AT}$ or $-6\hat{i} - 8\hat{j} + \frac{9}{5}\hat{i} + \frac{12}{5}\hat{j}$ or $\frac{-21}{5}\hat{i} - \frac{28}{5}\hat{j}$ $-\frac{21}{5}\hat{i} - \frac{28}{5}\hat{j}$	K1 N1	
(ii)	$\overrightarrow{BT} = \frac{7}{5}(-3\hat{i} - 4\hat{j})$ or $\overrightarrow{BT} = \frac{7}{5}\overrightarrow{BD}$ or <i>BT</i> adalah selari dengan <i>BD</i> . <i>B</i> adalah titik sepunya. Maka titik-titik <i>B, D, T</i> adalah segaris,	K1 N1	10
10(a)	120° $\frac{2}{3}\pi$ or 2.095	P1 N1	
(b)	$2(3.142) - 2.095$ $10[2(3.142) - 2.095]$ $2(10)[2(3.142) - 2.095]$ 83.78	P1 K1 K1 N1	
(c)	Luas sektor <i>RBS</i> = $\frac{1}{2}(10)^2(2.095)$ atau Luas segitiga <i>RBS</i> = $\frac{1}{2}(10)^2 \sin 2.095rad$ atau Luas tembereng <i>RBS</i> = $\frac{1}{2}(10)^2(2.095 - \sin 2.095rad)$ $3.142(10)^2 - [\frac{1}{2}(10)^2(2.095) - \frac{1}{2}(10)^2 \sin 2.095rad]$ $2[3.142(10)^2 - [\frac{1}{2}(10)^2(2.095) - \frac{1}{2}(10)^2 \sin 2.095rad]]$ 505.47	K1 K1 K1 N1	10

No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks														
11(a)	<table border="1" style="width: 100%; text-align: center;"> <tr> <td>$x + 1$</td> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>5</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>$\log_{10} y$</td> <td>0.8202</td> <td>1.100</td> <td>1.380</td> <td>1.660</td> <td>1.940</td> <td>2.220</td> </tr> </table>	$x + 1$	2	3	4	5	6	7	$\log_{10} y$	0.8202	1.100	1.380	1.660	1.940	2.220	P1 P1	
$x + 1$	2	3	4	5	6	7											
$\log_{10} y$	0.8202	1.100	1.380	1.660	1.940	2.220											
(b)	Kedua paksi dengan skala betul dan satu titik diplot betul. Semua titik diplot dengan betul. Garis penyuajian terbaik. (melalui min 3 titik dan seimbang)	P1 P1 P1															
(c)(i)	$\log_{10} y = \log_{10} p - (x+1)\log_{10} k$ $-\log_{10} k = \frac{1.66 - 0.26}{5 - 0}$ atau setara 0.5248	P1 K1 N1															
(ii)	$\log_{10} p = y\text{-pintasan}$ or $\log_{10} p = 0.26$ 1.820	K1 N1	10														
12(a)	$v = \int 2t - 8 dt$ $v = t^2 - 8t + 15$ $a = 2t - 8 = 0$ $t = 4$ Halaju _{min} = $(4)^2 - 8(4) + 15$ $= -1 \text{ ms}^{-1}$ $t^2 - 8t + 15 > 0$ (b) $(t - 3)(t - 5) > 0$ $0 \leq t < 3, t > 5$ (c)  (d) $\left[\frac{t^3}{3} - 4t^2 + 15t \right]_2^3$ $\left[\frac{3^3}{3} - 4(3)^2 + 15(3) \right] - \left[\frac{2^3}{3} - 4(2)^2 + 15(2) \right]$ Jarak dalam saat ketiga = $\frac{4}{3}$	K1 K1 N1 K1 N1 N1 N1 K1 K1 N1	10														

No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
13(a) (i)	$\frac{BD}{\sin 86} = \frac{11}{\sin 54}$ $BD = 13.56 \text{ cm}$	K1 N1	
(ii)	$17^2 = 20^2 + 13.56^2 - 2(20)(13.56) \cos D$	K1	
(b)	$\angle ADB = 57.07^\circ$	N1	
(c)	 <p>(sudut B' adalah sudut cakah)</p> $BE = \sqrt{17^2 + 12^2} = 20.81 \quad \text{or} \quad DE = \sqrt{20^2 + 12^2} = 23.32$ $13.56^2 = 23.32^2 + 20.81^2 - 2(23.32)(20.81) \cos \angle BED$ $\angle BED = 35.21^\circ$ $\frac{1}{2}(23.32)(20.81) \sin 35.21$ 139.90 cm^2	N1 K1 K1 N1 K1 N1	10
14 (a)	$40x + 20y \leq 2000 \quad \text{atau setara}$ $30x + 60y \geq 1800 \quad \text{atau setara}$ $y \leq 3x \quad \text{atau setara}$	N1 N1 N1	
(b)	<p>Melukis dengan betul sekurang-kurangnya satu garis lurus. Melukis dengan betul semua garis lurus. Melorek kawasan yang betul</p>	K1 N1 N1	
(c)(i)	<p>Bilangan minimum = 15</p>	N1	
(ii)	<p>(20, 60) Untung = RM300 (20) + RM250 (60) = RM21 000</p>	N1 K1 N1	10

No	Solution and Mark Scheme	Sub Marks	Total Marks
15 (a)(i)	$\frac{2}{P_{2013}} \times 100 = 189 \text{ (guna formula dan samakan dengan 189)}$ $P_{2013} = \text{RM1.06}$	K1 N1	
(ii)	$\frac{Q_{2013}}{Q_{2015}} \times 100 = 184 \quad \text{or} \quad \frac{Q_{2014}}{Q_{2013}} \times 100 = 84$ $= \frac{84}{100} \times \frac{184}{100} \times 100$ $= 154.56$	K1 K1 N1	
(b)(i)	$\frac{(84 \times 5) + (154 \times 40) + (189 \times 10) + 45p}{5 + 40 + 10 + 45}$ $\frac{(84 \times 5) + (154 \times 40) + (189 \times 10) + 45p}{5 + 40 + 10 + 45} = 154 \text{ (samakan dengan 154)}$ $p = 154$	K1 K1 N1	
(ii)	$\frac{27.10}{P_{2013}} \times 100 = 154$ $P_{2013} = \text{RM17.60}$	K1 N1	10

Question No. 11



Question No. 14

