



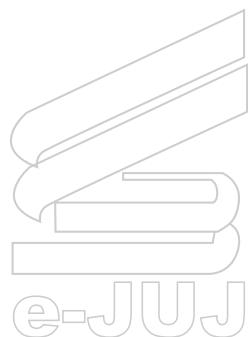
PRAKTIS BESTARI
PROJEK JAWAB UNTUK JAYA (JUJ) 2017

SIJIL PELAJARAN MALAYSIA
ADDITIONAL MATHEMATICS
Kertas 2 / Set 1

3472/2

PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN

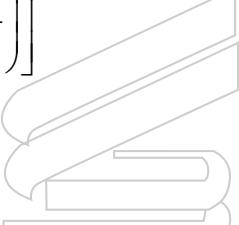
Peraturan Pemarkahan ini mengandungi 12 halaman bercetak



BIL	PERATURAN PEMARKAHAN	MARKAH	JUMLAH MARKAH
1	(a) $\sqrt{(x-3)^2 + (y+1)^2} = 5$ $x^2 - 6x + 9 + y^2 + 2y + 1 = 25$ $x^2 + y^2 - 6x + 2y - 15 = 0$ (b) $y^2 + 2y - 15 = 0$ $(y+5)(y-3) = 0$ (0, -5) and (0, 3)	1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m	6
2	(a) $\frac{dy}{dx} = 12 - 3x^2$ $12 - 3x^2 = 0$ $x^2 = 4$ $x = \pm 2$ Koordinat titik pusingan, $x = 2, y = 12(2) - (2)^3$, $x = -2, y = 12(-2) - (-2)^3$ $y = 16$ $y = -16$ (2, 16) and (-2, -16) (b) $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -6x$ $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -6(2)$ $\frac{d^2y}{dx^2} = -6(-2)$ Maximum point = (2, 16) and minimum point = (-2, -16)	1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m	6
3	(a) $\frac{\sum f_x}{\sum f} = \frac{1590}{40}$ 39.75 $\sigma^2 = \frac{78980}{40} - (39.75)^2$ $\sigma = 19.86$ (b) $Q_1 = 20.5 + \left(\frac{10-8}{9}\right)10$ $Q_1 = 22.72$	1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m, 1m 1m	7

4 (a) $\frac{\pi r^2}{2}$ $\frac{3.142 \times (30)^2}{2}$ 1413.9 cm^2	1m 1m
(b) $\text{Perimeter} = r\theta_1 + 4r\theta_2$ $\theta_1 = \frac{60^\circ \times 3.142}{180^\circ} = 1.047 \quad \therefore 30(1.047) = 31.41$	1m
$\theta_2 = \frac{180^\circ \times 3.142}{180^\circ} = 3.142 \quad \therefore 4(7.5)(3.142) = 94.26$	1m
$31.41 + 94.26$	1m
125.67 cm	1m 6
5 $14x(7x + y) = 294$ @ $2y + 14x + \frac{22}{7}(7x) = 64$	1m 1m 1m
$y = 32 - 18x$	1m
$7x^2 + x(32 - 18x) = 21$	1m
$x = \frac{-(-32) \pm \sqrt{(-32)^2 - 4(11)(21)}}{2(11)}$	1m
$x = 1 \quad @ \quad x = 1.909 \text{ (abaikan)} \quad \text{dan} \quad y = 14$	1m
Panjang = $14(1)$ dan Lebar = $7(1) + 14$ $= 14 \text{ cm} \qquad \qquad = 21 \text{ cm}$	1m 7

6	<p>(a) $108 \text{ bulan} = 9 \text{ tahun}$</p> $T_{10} = 85000(0.92)^9$ <p>RM 40 133.72</p> <p>(b) $85000(0.92)^{n-1} < 30000$</p> <p>Use log: $\lg(0.92)^{n-1} < \lg 0.3529$ to find $n = 14$</p> $S_{14} = \frac{1000(1.1^{14} - 1)}{1.1 - 1}$ <p>RM 27 974.90</p>	1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m, 1m 1m 1m <hr style="width: 20%; margin-left: 0;"/> 8							
7	<p>(a)</p> <table border="1" style="margin-bottom: 10px;"> <tr> <td>$\log_{10} y$</td><td>0.25</td><td>0.33</td><td>0.42</td><td>0.50</td><td>0.59</td><td>0.66</td></tr> </table> <p>Plot 1 point correctly</p> <p>Plot all point correctly</p> <p>Draw line of best fit.</p> <p>(b)</p> $\log_{10} y = (-\log_{10} a)x + \log_{10} b$ <p>(i)</p> $-\log_{10} a = \frac{0.68 - 0.25}{6 - 1}$ $= 0.086$ $a = \text{anti log}(-0.086)$ $a = 0.8204$ <p>(ii)</p> $\log_{10} b = 0.16$ $b = \text{anti log}(0.16)$ $b = 1.445$ <p>(iii)</p> $\log_{10} y = 0.46$ $y = 2.884$	$\log_{10} y$	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.59	0.66	1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m <hr style="width: 20%; margin-left: 0;"/> 10
$\log_{10} y$	0.25	0.33	0.42	0.50	0.59	0.66			

	<p>(b) $\mu = 50, \sigma = 3$</p> <p>i) $P(X > 60) = P\left(Z > \frac{60-50}{3}\right)$ $= P(Z > 3.33)$ $= 0.4013$</p> <p>ii) $P(Z > \frac{m-50}{3}) = 0.15$ $\frac{m-50}{3} = 0.975$ $m - 50 = 2.925$ $m = 52.925$</p>	1m 1m 1m, 1m 1m	10
10	<p>(a) $y + 4 = (y - 2)^2$ OR $x = (x - 4 - 2)^2$ $A(9, 5), B(0, 4)$</p> <p>(b) Area $= \frac{1}{2}(4+9)(5) - \int_0^5 (y-2)^2 dy$ $= 32.5 - \left[\frac{(y-2)^3}{3} \right]_0^5$ $= 32.5 - \left[\left(\frac{(5-2)^3}{3} \right) - \left(\frac{(0-2)^3}{3} \right) \right]$ $= 20\frac{5}{6}$</p> <p>(c) Volume $= \pi \int_0^2 (y-2)^4 dy$ $= \pi \left[\frac{(y-2)^5}{5} \right]_0^2$ $= \pi \left[\left(\frac{(2-2)^5}{5} \right) - \left(\frac{(0-2)^5}{5} \right) \right]$ $= \frac{32}{5}\pi$</p> 	1m 1m, 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m 1m	10

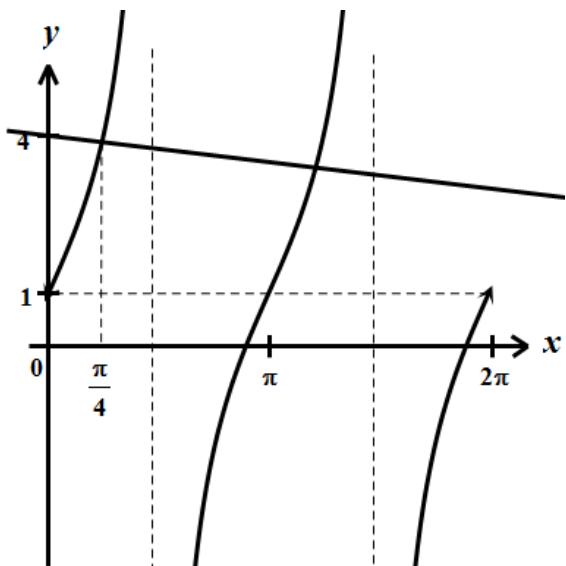
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a)

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{3 - 3\cos 2x + \sin 2x}{\sin 2x} \\
 &= \frac{3 - 3\cos 2x}{\sin 2x} + \frac{\sin 2x}{\sin 2x} \\
 &= \frac{3(1 - \cos 2x)}{\sin 2x} + 1 \\
 &= \frac{3(2\sin^2 x)}{2\sin x \cos x} + 1 \\
 &= 3\tan x + 1
 \end{aligned}$$

1m
1m
1m

(b)



(i)

Shape of $\tan x$ for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ 1m
1m
1m1 cycle for $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$

1m

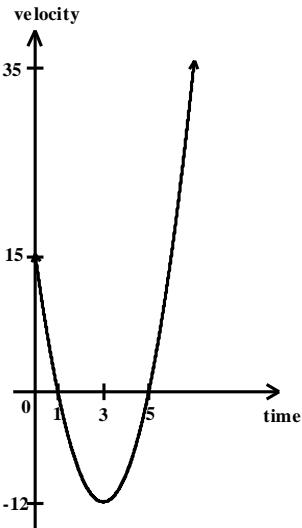
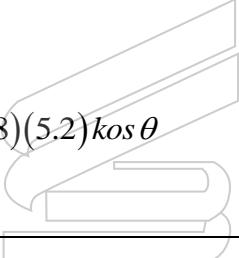
Shifted at 1

1m
1mAmplitude $y = 4$ at $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$ (ii) $y = -\frac{x}{2\pi} + 4$ 1m
1mDraw line $y = -\frac{x}{2\pi} + 4$ 1m
1m

No. of solution = 2

1m

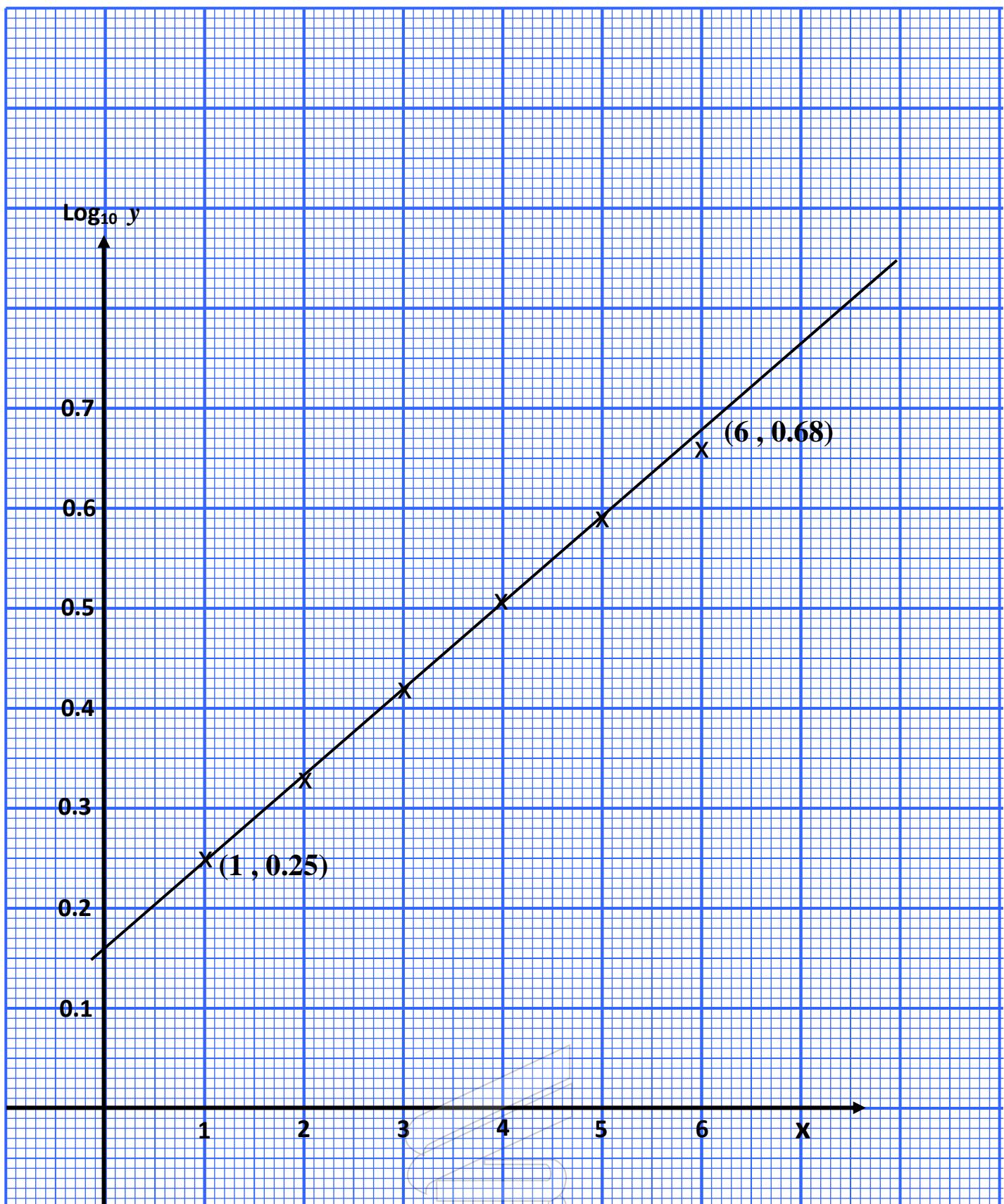
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12	(a) (i) $3t^2 - 18t + 15 = 0$ $(t-5)(t-1) = 0$ $t = 1 \quad t = 5$	1m 1m 1m	
	(ii) $(1)^3 - 9(1)^2 + 15(1)$ or $(5)^3 - 9(5)^2 + 15(5)$	1m	
	32 m	1m	
	(iii) $6t - 18 = 0$	1m	
	-12 m/s	1m	
	(b)		
			
	Correct shape	1m	
	Correct minimum point and the roots or y-intercept	1m	
	All correct	1m	10
13	(a)		
	(i) $\frac{\sin \theta}{12.3} = \frac{\sin 40.5}{9.5}$	1m	
	$\angle ABC = 57.23^\circ$	1m	
	(ii) $12.3^2 = 9.8^2 + 5.2^2 - 2(9.8)(5.2)\cos \theta$ 106.07°	1m 1m	
			

	(iii) $\text{Luas} = \frac{1}{2}(9.8)(5.2)\sin 106.07 + \frac{1}{2}(12.3)(9.5)\sin 82.27$ 82.38	1m, 1m 1m	
	(b) (i)		1m
	(ii) $180^\circ - 57.23^\circ$ 122.77°	1m 1m	10
14	a) (i) $x + y \leq 160$ (ii) $x : y \leq 3 : 1$ $x \leq 3y$ (iii) $100x + 80y \geq 8000$	1m 1m 1m	
	b) Draw one line correctly	1m	
	Draw all line correctly	1m	
	Shaded the region R correctly	1m	
	c) (i) 32 (ii) Use point $(120, 40)$	1m 1m	
	$\text{Profit} = 15(120) + 10(40)$ RM 2200	1m 1m	10

15	(a) $A:$ $= \frac{5.00}{4.00} \times 100$ $= 125$ B : 128 C: 116 D: 75 (b)	1m 1m 2m 1m 1m	
	$\bar{I} = \frac{125(2) + 128(m) + 116(1) + 75(4)}{2+m+1+4}$ $105 = \frac{125(2) + 128(m) + 116(1) + 75(4)}{2+m+1+4}$ $m = 3$	1m 1m 1m	
	(c)	1m	
	$I_{\frac{15}{12}} = 110$ $I_{\frac{15}{08}} = \frac{105 \times 110}{100}$ $= 115.5$	1m 1m	

GRAF SOALAN NO. 7



GRAF SOALAN NO. 15

